CHAPTER 64*
INTERMEDIATE CARE FACILITIES
FOR THE MENTALLY RETARDED
[Prior to 7/15/87, Health Department(470) Ch 64]

481—64.1 Rescinded IAB 7/26/89, effective 7/7/89.

481—64.2(135C) Variances. Variances from these rules may be granted by the director of the department of inspections and appeals for good and sufficient reason when the need for variance has been established: no danger to the health, safety, or welfare of any resident results; alternate means are employed or compensating circumstances exist and the variance will apply only to an individual intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded. Variances will be reviewed at the discretion of the director of the department of inspections and appeals.

64.2(1) To request a variance, the licensee must:
   a. Apply for variance in writing on a form provided by the department;
   b. Cite the rule or rules from which a variance is desired;
   c. State why compliance with the rule or rules cannot be accomplished;
   d. Explain alternate arrangements or compensating circumstances which justify the variance;
   e. Demonstrate that the requested variance will not endanger the health, safety, or welfare of any resident.

64.2(2) Upon receipt of a request for variance, the director of the department of inspections and appeals will:
   a. Examine the rule from which variance is requested to determine that the request is necessary and reasonable;
   b. If the request meets the above criteria, evaluate the alternate arrangements or compensating circumstances against the requirement of the rules;
   c. Examine the effect of the requested variance on the health, safety, or welfare of the residents;
   d. Consult with the applicant if additional information is required.

64.2(3) Based upon these studies, approval of the variance will be either granted or denied within 120 days of receipt.

481—64.3(135C) Application for license.

64.3(1) Initial application. In order to obtain an initial intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded license for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded which is currently licensed, the applicant must:
   a. Submit a letter of intent and a written résumé of the resident care program and other services provided for departmental review and approval;
   b. Make application at least 30 days prior to the change of ownership of the facility on forms provided by the department;
   c. Submit a floor plan of each floor of the intermediate care facility, drawn on 8½- × 11-inch paper showing room areas in proportion, room dimensions, room numbers for all rooms, including bathrooms, and designation of the use to which room will be put and window and door location;
   d. Submit a photograph of the front and side elevation of the intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded;
   e. Submit the statutory fee for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded license;
   f. Meet all of the rules, regulations and standards contained in 481—Chapter 64.

*See Interpretive Guidelines at end hereof
g. Comply with federal, state, and local laws, codes, and regulations pertaining to health and safety, including procurement, dispensing, administration, safeguarding and disposal of medications and controlled substances; building, construction, maintenance and equipment standards; sanitation; communicable and reportable diseases; and postmortem procedures;

h. Have a certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations.

64.3(2) In order to obtain an initial intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded license for a facility not currently licensed as an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, the applicant must:

a. Meet all of the rules, regulations, and standards contained in 481—Chapters 61 and 64; exceptions noted in 481—subrule 61.1(2) shall not apply;

b. Submit a letter of intent and a written résumé of the resident care program and other services provided for departmental review and approval;

c. Make application at least 30 days prior to the proposed opening date of the facility on forms provided by the department;

d. Submit a floor plan of each floor of the intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, drawn on 8½-× 11-inch paper showing room areas in proportion, room dimensions, room numbers for all rooms, including bathrooms, and designation of the use to which the rooms will be put and window and door locations;

e. Submit a photograph of the front and side elevation of the intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded;

f. Submit the statutory fee for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded;

g. Comply with federal, state, and local laws, codes, and regulations pertaining to health and safety, including procurement, dispensing, administration, safeguarding and disposal of medications and controlled substances; building, construction, maintenance and equipment standards; sanitation; communicable and reportable diseases; and postmortem procedures;

h. Have a certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations.

64.3(3) Renewal application. In order to obtain a renewal of the intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded license, the applicant must:

a. Submit the completed application form 30 days prior to annual license renewal date of intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded license;

b. Submit the statutory license fee for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded with the application for renewal;

c. Have an approved current certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations;

d. Submit appropriate changes in the résumé to reflect any changes in the resident care program or other services.

64.3(4) Licenses are issued to the person or governmental unit which has responsibility for the operation of the facility and authority to comply with all applicable statutes, rules or regulations.

The person or governmental unit must be the owner of the facility or, if the facility is leased, the lessee.

481—64.4(135C) General requirements.

64.4(1) The license shall be displayed in a conspicuous place in the facility which is viewed by the public. (III)

64.4(2) The license shall be valid only in the possession of the licensee to whom it is issued.

64.4(3) The posted license shall accurately reflect the current status of the intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded. (III)

64.4(4) Licenses expire one year after the date of issuance or as indicated on the license.
64.4(5) Each citation or a copy of each citation issued by the department for a Class I or Class II violation shall be prominently posted by the facility in plain view of the residents, visitors, and persons inquiring about placement in the facility. The citation or copy of the citation shall remain posted until the violation is corrected to the satisfaction of the department. (III)

64.4(6) The facility shall have in effect a transfer agreement with one or more hospitals sufficiently close to the facility to make feasible the transfer between them of residents and their records. (III) Any facility which does not have such an agreement in effect but has attempted in good faith to enter into such an agreement with a hospital shall be considered to have such an agreement so long as it is in the public interest and essential to ensuring intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded services for eligible persons in the community.

64.4(7) A resident’s personal funds and property shall not be used without the written consent of the resident or the resident’s guardian. (II)

64.4(8) A resident’s personal funds and property shall be returned to the resident when the funds or property have been used without the written consent of the resident or the resident’s guardian. The department may report findings that funds or property have been used without written consent to the audits division or the local law enforcement agency, as appropriate. (II)

64.4(9) A properly trained person shall be charged with the responsibility of administering non-parenteral medications.

   a. The individual shall have knowledge of the purpose of the drugs, their dangers, and contraindications.

   b. This person shall be a licensed nurse or physician or shall have successfully completed a department-approved medication aide course or passed a department-approved medication aide challenge examination administered by an area community college.

   c. A person who is a nursing student or a graduate nurse may take the challenge examination in place of taking a medication aide course. This individual shall do all of the following before taking the medication aide challenge examination:

      (1) Complete a clinical or nursing theory course within six months before taking the challenge examination;

      (2) Successfully complete a nursing program pharmacology course within one year before taking the challenge examination;

      (3) Provide to the community college a written statement from the nursing program’s pharmacology or clinical instructor indicating the individual is competent in medication administration.

      (4) Successfully complete a department-approved nurse aide competency evaluation.

   d. A person who has written documentation of certification as a medication aide in another state may become a medication aide in Iowa by successfully completing a department-approved nurse aide competency examination and a medication aide challenge examination.

481—64.5(135C) Notifications required by the department. The department shall be notified:

64.5(1) Within 48 hours, by letter, any reduction or loss of direct care professional or dietary staff lasting more than seven days which places the staffing ratio of the intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded below that required for licensing. No additional residents shall be admitted until the minimum staffing requirements are achieved; (III)

64.5(2) Of any proposed change in the intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded’s functional operation or addition or deletion of required services; (III)

64.5(3) Thirty days before addition, alteration, or new construction is begun in the intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, or on the premises; (III)

64.5(4) Thirty days in advance of closure of the intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded; (III)

64.5(5) Within two weeks of any change in administrator; (III)

64.5(6) When any change in the category of license is sought; (III)
64.5(7) Prior to the purchase, transfer, assignment, or lease of an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, the licensee shall:
   a. Inform the department of the pending sale, transfer, assignment, or lease of the facility; (III)
   b. Inform the department of the name and address of the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee at least 30 days before the sale, transfer, assignment, or lease is completed; (III)
   c. Submit a written authorization to the department permitting the department to release all information of whatever kind from the department’s files concerning the licensee’s intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded to the named prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee. (III)

64.5(8) Pursuant to the authorization submitted to the department by the licensee prior to the purchase, transfer, assignment, or lease of an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, the department shall upon request, send or give copies of all recent licensure surveys and of any other pertinent information relating to the facility’s licensure status to the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee; costs for such copies shall be paid by the prospective purchaser.

481—64.6(135C) Veteran eligibility.

64.6(1) For all residents residing in a health care facility receiving reimbursement through the medical assistance program under Iowa Code chapter 249A on July 1, 2003, and all others subsequently admitted, the facility shall collect and report information regarding the resident’s eligibility or potential eligibility for benefits through the federal Department of Veterans Affairs as requested by the Iowa commission on veterans affairs. The facility shall collect and report the information on forms and by the procedures prescribed by the Iowa commission on veterans affairs. Where appropriate, the facility may also report such information to the Iowa department of human services. In the event that a resident is unable to assist the facility in obtaining the information, the facility shall seek the requested information from the resident’s family members or responsible party.

64.6(2) For all new admissions, the facility shall collect and report the required information regarding a resident’s eligibility or potential eligibility to the Iowa commission on veterans affairs within 30 days of the resident’s admission. For residents residing in the facility as of July 1, 2003, and prior to May 5, 2004, the facility shall collect and report the required information regarding the resident’s eligibility or potential eligibility to the Iowa commission on veterans affairs within 90 days after May 5, 2004.

64.6(3) If a resident is eligible for benefits through the federal Department of Veterans Affairs or other third-party payor, the facility shall seek reimbursement from such benefits to the maximum extent available before seeking reimbursement from the medical assistance program established under Iowa Code chapter 249A.

64.6(4) The provisions of this rule shall not apply to the admission of an individual as a resident to a state mental health institute for acute psychiatric care. (II, III)

481—64.7(135C) Licenses for distinct parts.

64.7(1) Separate licenses may be issued for distinct parts of a health care facility which are clearly identifiable, containing contiguous rooms in a separate wing or building or on a separate floor of the facility and which provide care and services of separate categories.

64.7(2) The following requirements shall be met for a separate licensing of a distinct part:
   a. The distinct part shall serve only residents who require the category of care and services immediately available to them within that part; (III)
   b. The distinct part shall meet all the standards, rules, and regulations pertaining to the category for which a license is being sought;
   c. The distinct part must be operationally and financially feasible;
   d. A separate staff with qualifications appropriate to the care and services being rendered must be regularly assigned and working in the distinct part under responsible management; (III)
   e. Separately licensed distinct parts may have certain services such as management, building maintenance, laundry, and dietary in common with each other.
481—64.8 to 64.16 Rescinded IAB 7/26/89, effective 7/7/89.

481—64.17(135C) Contracts. Each party shall receive a copy of the signed contract. (III) Each contract for residents shall:

64.17(1) State the rate or scale per day or per month for services included in the rate or scale and method of payment; (III)

64.17(2) Contain a complete schedule of all offered services for which a fee may be charged in addition to the base rate. (III) Furthermore, the contract shall:

a. Stipulate that no further additional fees shall be charged for items not contained in complete schedule of services as set forth in this subrule; (III)

b. State the method of payment of additional charges; (III)

c. Contain an explanation of the method of assessment of such additional charges and an explanation of the method of periodic reassessment, if any, resulting in changing such additional charges; (III)

d. State that additional fees may be charged to the resident for nonprescription drugs, other personal supplies, and services by a barber, beautician, etc.; (III)

64.17(3) Contain an itemized list of those services, with the specific fee the resident will be charged and method of payment, as related to the resident’s current condition, based on a preadmission evaluation assessment which is determined in consultation with the administrator; (III)

64.17(4) Include the total fee per day to be charged to the resident; (III)

64.17(5) State the conditions whereby the facility may make adjustments to its overall fees for resident care as a result of changing costs. (III) Furthermore, the contract shall provide that the facility shall give:

a. Written notification to the resident, or responsible party when appropriate, of changes in the overall rates of both base and additional charges, at least 30 days prior to effective date of such changes; (III)

b. Notification to the resident, or responsible party when appropriate, of changes in charges, based on a change in the resident’s condition. Notification must occur prior to the date such revised charges begin. If notification is given orally, subsequent written notification must also be given within a reasonable time, not to exceed one week, listing specifically the adjustments made; (III)

64.17(6) State the terms of agreement in regard to refund of all advance payments in the event of transfer, death, voluntary or involuntary discharge; (III)

64.17(7) State the terms of agreement concerning the holding and charging for a bed in the event of temporary absence of the resident; such terms shall include, at a minimum, the following provisions:

a. If a resident has a temporary absence from a facility for medical treatment, the facility shall ask the resident or responsible party if they wish the bed held open. This shall be documented in the resident’s record including the response. Upon request of the resident/responsible party, the facility shall hold the bed open for at least ten days during the resident’s absence and the facility shall receive payment for the absent period in accordance with provisions of the contract. (II)

b. If a resident has a temporary absence from a facility for therapeutic reasons as approved by a physician, the facility shall ask the resident or responsible party if they wish the bed held open. This shall be documented in the resident’s record including the response. The bed shall be held open at least 18 days per year and the facility shall receive payment for the absent periods in accordance with the provisions of the contract. The required holding during temporary absences for therapeutic reasons is limited to 18 days per year. (II)
c. For Title XIX residents the department of social services shall continue funding for the temporary absence as provided under paragraphs “a” and “b” and in accordance with department of social services guidelines.

d. Private pay residents shall have a negotiated rate stated in the signed contract relating to these provisions. (II)

64.17(8) State the conditions under which the involuntary discharge or transfer of a resident would be effected; (III)
64.17(9) State the conditions of voluntary discharge or transfer; (III)
64.17(10) Set forth any other matters deemed appropriate by the parties to the contract. No contract or any provision thereof shall be drawn or construed so as to relieve any facility of any requirement or obligation imposed upon it by this chapter or any standards or rules in force pursuant to this chapter. (III)

481—64.18 to 64.31 Rescinded 7/26/89, effective 7/7/89.

481—64.32(135C) Dietary. Rescinded IAB 2/12/97, effective 3/19/97.

481—64.33(235B) Separation of accused abuser and victim. Upon a claim of dependent adult abuse of a resident being reported, the administrator of the facility shall separate the victim and accused abuser immediately and maintain the separation until the abuse investigation is completed. (I, II)

481—64.34(135C) Personnel histories.

64.34(1) Each health care facility shall submit a form specified by the department of public safety to the department of public safety, and receive the results of a criminal history check and dependent adult abuse record check before any person is employed in a health care facility. The health care facility may submit a form specified by the department of human services to request a child abuse history check. For the purposes of this rule, “employed in a facility” shall be defined as any individual who is paid, either by the health care facility or any other entity (i.e., temporary agency, private duty, Medicare/Medicaid or independent contractors), to provide direct or indirect treatment or services to residents in a health care facility. Direct treatment or services include those provided through person-to-person contact. Indirect treatment or services include those provided without person-to-person contact such as those provided by administration, dietary, laundry, and maintenance. Specifically excluded from the requirements of this rule are individuals such as building contractors, repair workers or others who are in a facility for a very limited purpose, are not in the facility on a regular basis, and who do not provide any treatment or services to the residents of the health care facility. (I, II, III)

64.34(2) A person who has a criminal record or founded dependent adult abuse report cannot be employed in a health care facility unless the department of human services has evaluated the crime or founded abuse report and concluded that the crime or founded abuse report does not merit prohibition from employment. (I, II, III)

64.34(3) Each health care facility shall ask each person seeking employment in a facility “Do you have a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse or have you ever been convicted of crime in this state or any other state?” The person shall also be informed that a criminal history and dependent adult abuse record check will be conducted. The person shall indicate, by signature, that the person has been informed that the record checks will be conducted. (I, II, III)
64.34(4) If a person has a record of founded child abuse in Iowa or any other state, the person shall not be employed in a health care facility unless the department of human services has evaluated the crime or founded report and concluded that the report does not merit prohibition of employment. (I, II, III)

64.34(5) Proof of dependent adult abuse and criminal history checks may be kept in files maintained by the temporary employee agencies and contractors. Facilities may require temporary agencies and contractors to provide a copy of the results of the dependent adult abuse and criminal history checks. (I, II, III)

481—64.35(135C) Care review committee. Each facility shall have a care review committee in accordance with Iowa Code section 135C.25, which shall operate within the scope of the rules for care review committees promulgated by the department of elder affairs. (II)

64.35(1) Role of committee in complaint investigations.
   a. The department shall notify the facility’s care review committee of a complaint from the public. The department shall not disclose the name of a complainant.
   b. The department may refer complaints to the care review committee for initial evaluation or investigation by the committee pursuant to rules promulgated by the department of elder affairs. Within ten days of completion of the investigation, the committee shall report to the department in writing the results of the evaluation of the investigation.
   c. When the department investigates a complaint, upon conclusion of its investigation, it shall notify the care review committee and the department of elder affairs of its findings, including any citations and fines issued.
   d. Results of all complaint investigations addressed by the care review committee shall be forwarded to the department within ten days of completion of the investigation.

64.35(2) The care review committee shall, upon department request, be responsible for monitoring correction of substantiated complaints.

64.35(3) When requested, names, addresses and telephone numbers of family members shall be given to the care review committee, unless the family refuses. The facility shall provide a form on which a family member may refuse to have the member’s name, address or telephone number given to the care review committee.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.25.

481—64.36(135C) Involuntary discharge or transfer.

64.36(1) A facility shall not involuntarily discharge or transfer a resident from a facility except: for medical reasons; for the resident’s welfare or that of other residents; for nonpayment for the resident’s stay (as contained in the contract for the resident’s stay), except as prohibited by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396k by reason of action pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 229; by reason of negative action by the Iowa department of human services; and by reason of negative action by the professional review organization. A resident shall not be transferred or discharged solely because the cost of the resident’s care is being paid under Iowa Code chapter 249A, or because the resident’s source of payment is changing from private support to payment under chapter 249A. (I, II)

   a. “Medical reasons” for transfer or discharge are based on the resident’s needs and are determined and documented in the resident’s record by the attending physician. Transfer or discharge may be required to provide a different level of care. In the case of transfer or discharge for the reason that the resident’s condition has improved so that the resident no longer needs the level of care being provided by the facility, the determination that medical reason exists is the exclusive province of the professional review organization or utilization review process in effect for residents whose care is paid in full or in part by Title XIX. (II)
b. “Welfare” of a resident or that of other residents refers to their social, emotional, or physical well-being. A resident might be transferred or discharged because the resident’s behavior poses a continuing threat to the resident (e.g., suicidal) or to the well-being of other residents or staff (e.g., the resident’s behavior is incompatible with their needs and rights). Evidence that the resident’s continued presence in the facility would adversely affect the welfare of the resident or that of other residents shall be made by the administrator or designee and shall be in writing and shall include specific information to support this determination. (II)

c. Involuntary transfer or discharge of a resident from a facility shall be preceded by a written notice to the resident or responsible party at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer or discharge. The 30-day requirement shall not apply in any of the following instances:

1. If an emergency transfer or discharge is mandated by the resident’s health care needs and is in accord with the written orders and medical justification of the attending physician. Emergency transfers or discharges may also be mandated to protect the health, safety, or well-being of other residents and staff from the resident being transferred. (II)

2. If the transfer or discharge is subsequently agreed to by the resident or the resident’s responsible party, and notification is given to the responsible party, physician, and the person or agency responsible for the resident’s placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. (II)

3. If the discharge or transfer is the result of a final, nonappealable decision by the department of human services or the professional review organization.

d. The notice required by 64.36(1)“c” shall contain all of the following information:

1. The stated reason for the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)

2. The effective date of the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)

3. A statement in not less than 12-point type (elite), which reads: “You have a right to appeal the facility’s decision to transfer or discharge you. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing in writing or verbally with the Iowa state department of inspections and appeals (hereinafter referred to as “department”) within 7 days after receiving this notice. You have a right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after receipt of your request by the department and you will not be transferred prior to a final decision. Provision may be made for extension of the 14-day requirement upon request to the department of inspections and appeals designee in emergency circumstances. If you lose the hearing, you will not be transferred before the expiration of 30 days following receipt of the original notice of the discharge or transfer, or no sooner than 5 days following final decision of such hearing. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115 or you may write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.” (II)

e. A request for a hearing made under 64.36(1)“d”(3) shall stay a transfer or discharge pending a hearing or appeal decision. (II)

f. The type of hearing shall be determined by a representative of the department. Notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing shall be sent by certified mail or delivered in person to the licensee, resident, responsible party, and Iowa department of elder affairs long-term care ombudsman of record not later than five full business days after receipt of the request. This notice shall also inform the licensee, resident or responsible party that they have a right to appear at the hearing in person or be represented by their attorneys or other individual. The hearing shall be dismissed if neither party is present or represented at the hearing. If only one party appears or is represented, the hearing shall proceed with one party present. The Iowa department of elder affairs long-term care ombudsman shall have the right to appear at the hearing.
g. The hearing shall be heard by a department of inspections and appeals designee pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A. (The hearing shall be public unless the resident or the resident’s representative requests in writing that it be closed.) The licensee or a designee shall have the opportunity to present to the representative of the department any oral testimony or written materials to show by a preponderance of the evidence just cause why a transfer or discharge may be made. The resident and responsible party shall also have an opportunity to present to the representative of the department any oral testimony or written material to show just cause why a transfer or discharge should not be made. In a determination as to whether a transfer or discharge is authorized, the burden of proof rests on the party requesting the transfer or discharge.

h. Based upon all testimony and material submitted to the representative of the department, the representative shall issue, in accordance with Iowa Code chapter 17A, written findings of fact and conclusions of law and issue a decision and order in respect to the adverse action. This decision shall be mailed by certified mail to the licensee, resident, responsible party, and department of elder affairs long-term care ombudsman within 10 working days after the hearing has been concluded. The representative shall have the power to issue fines and citations against the facility in appropriate circumstances.

A request for review of a proposed decision in which the department is the final decision maker shall be made within 15 days of issuance of the proposed decision, unless otherwise provided by statute. Requests shall be mailed or delivered by either party to the Director, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. Failure to request review will preclude judicial review unless the department reviews a proposed decision upon its own motion within 15 days of the issuance of the decision.

i. A copy of the notice required by 64.36(1)“c” shall be personally delivered to the resident and a copy placed in the resident’s record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department, the resident’s responsible party, physician, the person or agency responsible for the resident’s placement, maintenance, and care in the facility, and the department of elder affairs long-term care ombudsman.

j. If the basis for an involuntary transfer or discharge is the result of a negative action by the Iowa department of human services or the professional review organization (Iowa Foundation for Medical Care), appeals shall be filed with those agencies as appropriate. Continued payment shall be consistent with rules of those agencies.

k. If nonpayment is the basis for involuntary transfer or discharge, the resident shall have the right to make full payment up to the date that the discharge or transfer is to be made and then shall have the right to remain in the facility.

l. The involuntary transfer or discharge shall be discussed with the resident, the resident’s responsible party, and the person or agency responsible for the resident’s placement, maintenance, and care in the facility within 48 hours after notice of discharge has been received. The explanation and discussion of the reasons for involuntary transfer or discharge shall be given by the facility administrator or other appropriate facility representative as the administrator’s designee. The content of the discussion and explanation shall be summarized in writing and shall include the names of the individuals involved in the discussions and made a part of the resident’s record.

m. The resident shall receive counseling services before (by the sending facility) and after (by the receiving facility) the involuntary transfer to minimize the possible adverse effects of the involuntary transfer. Counseling shall be documented in the resident’s record.

(1) Counseling shall be provided by a qualified individual who meets one of the following criteria:

   1. Has a bachelor’s or master’s degree in social work from an accredited college.
   2. Is a graduate of an accredited four-year college and has had at least one year of full-time paid employment in a social work capacity with a public or private agency.
3. Has been employed in a social work capacity for a minimum of four years in a public or private agency. (II)
4. Is a licensed psychologist or psychiatrist. (II)
5. Is any other person of the resident’s choice. (II)

(2) The facility shall develop a plan to provide for the orderly and safe transfer or discharge of each resident to be discharged or transferred. (II)

(3) The receiving health care facility of a resident involuntarily discharged or transferred shall immediately formulate and implement a plan of care which takes into account possible adverse effects the transfer may cause. (II)

n. In the case of an emergency transfer or discharge as outlined in 64.36(1)”c”(1), the resident must still be given a written notice prior to or within 48 hours following transfer or discharge. A copy of this notice must be placed in the resident’s file and it must contain all the information required by 64.36(1)”d”(1) and (2). In addition, the notice must contain a statement in not less than 12-point type (elite), which reads: “You have a right to appeal the facility’s decision to transfer or discharge you on an emergency basis. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing in writing or verbally with the Iowa state department of inspections and appeals within 7 days after receiving this notice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after receipt of your request by the department. You may be transferred or discharged before the hearing is held or before a final decision is rendered. If you win the hearing, you have the right to be transferred back into the facility. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115 or you may write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.” A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with 64.36(1)”f,” “g,” and “h.” (II)

o. Residents shall not have the right to a hearing to contest an involuntary discharge or transfer resulting from the revocation of the facility’s license by the department of inspections and appeals. In the case of a facility voluntarily closing, a period of 30 days must be allowed for an orderly transfer of residents to other facilities.

64.36(2) Intrafacility transfer.

a. Residents shall not be relocated from room to room within a licensed health care facility arbitrarily. (I, II) Involuntary relocation may occur only in the following situations and such situation shall be documented in the resident’s record.

(1) Incompatibility with or disturbing to other roommates, as documented in the resident’s record.
(2) For the welfare of the resident or other residents of the facility.
(3) For medical, nursing or psychosocial reasons, as documented in the resident’s record, as judged by the attending physician, nurse or social worker in the case of a facility which groups residents by medical, nursing or psychosocial needs.
(4) To allow a new admission to the facility which would otherwise not be possible due to separation of roommates by sex.
(5) In the case of a resident whose source of payment was previously private, but who is now eligible for Title XIX assistance, the resident may be transferred from a private room to a semiprivate room or from one semiprivate room to another.
(6) Reasonable and necessary administrative decisions regarding the use and functioning of the building.
b. Unreasonable and unjustified reasons for changing a resident’s room without the concurrence of the resident, or responsible party include:
   (1) Change from private pay status to Title XIX, except as outlined in 64.36(2)“a”(5).  (II)
   (2) As punishment or behavior modification (except as specified in 64.36(2)“a”(1).  (II)
   (3) Discrimination on the basis of race or religion.  (II)

   c. If intrafacility relocation is necessary for reasons outlined in 64.36(2)“a,” the resident shall be notified at least 48 hours prior to the transfer and the reason therefor shall be explained.  The responsible party shall be notified as soon as possible.  The notification shall be documented in the resident’s record and signed by the resident or responsible party.  (II)

   d. If emergency relocation is required to protect the safety or health of the resident or other residents, the notification requirements may be waived.  The conditions of the emergency shall be documented.  The family or responsible party shall be notified immediately or as soon as possible of the condition requiring emergency relocation and notification shall be documented.  (II)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.2(3) and 135C.14(8).

481—64.37 to 64.58 Rescinded IAB 7/26/89, effective 7/7/89.

481—64.59(135C) County care facilities.  In addition to Chapter 64 licensing rules, county care facilities licensed as intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded must also comply with department of human services rules, 441—Chapter 37.  Violation of any standard established by the department of human services is a Class II violation pursuant to 481—56.2(135C).

481—64.60(135C) Federal regulations adopted—conditions of participation.  Regulations in 42 CFR Part 483, Subpart D, Sections 410 to 480 effective October 3, 1988, are adopted by reference and incorporated as part of these rules.  A copy of these regulations is available on request from the Health Facilities Division, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

   Classification of violations is I, II, and III, determined by the division using the provisions in 481—Chapter 56, “Fining and Citations,” to enforce a fine to cite a facility.

   This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.2(3).

481—64.61(135C) Federal regulations adopted—rights.  Regulations in 42 CFR Part 483, Subpart B, Sections 10, 12, 13, and 15 effective August 1, 1989, are adopted by reference and incorporated as part of these rules.  Section 10 governs resident rights; Section 12, admission, transfer or discharge rights; Section 13, resident behavior and facility practices; and Section 15, quality of life.  Classification of violations for all of these regulations is I and II.  A copy is available on request from the Health Facilities Division, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

   NOTE:  The federal interpretive guidelines are printed immediately following 481—Chapter 64.

   This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14(8).
481—64.62(135C) Another business or activity in a facility. A facility is allowed to have another business or activity in a health care facility or in the same physical structure of the facility, if the other business or activity is under the control of and is directly related to and incidental to the operation of the health care facility, or the business or activity is approved by the department and the state fire marshal.

To obtain the approval of the department and the state fire marshal, the facility must submit to the department a written request for approval which identifies the service(s) to be offered by the business and addresses the factors outlined in paragraphs “a” through “j” of this rule. (I, II, III)

64.62(1) The following factors will be considered by the department in determining whether a business or activity will interfere with the use of the facility by residents, interfere with services provided to residents, or be disturbing to residents:

- Health and safety risks for residents;
- Compatibility of the proposed business or activity with the facility program;
- Noise created by the proposed business or activity;
- Odors created by the proposed business or activity;
- Use of entrances and exits for the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;
- Use of the facility’s corridors or rooms as thoroughfares to the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;
- Proposed staffing for the business or activity;
- Sharing of services and staff between the proposed business or activity and the facility;
- Facility layout and design; and
- Parking area utilized by the business or activity.

64.62(2) Approval of the state fire marshal shall be obtained before approval of the department will be considered.

64.62(3) A business or activity conducted in a health care facility or in the same physical structure as a health care facility shall not reduce space, services or staff available to residents below minimums required in these rules. (I, II, III)

481—64.63(135C) Respite care services. Respite care services means an organized program of temporary supportive care provided for 24 hours or more to a person in order to relieve the usual caregiver of the person from providing continual care to the person. A facility which chooses to provide respite care services must meet the following requirements related to respite care services and must be licensed as a health care facility.

64.63(1) A facility which chooses to provide respite care services is not required to obtain a separate license or pay a license fee.

64.63(2) Rules regarding involuntary discharge or transfer rights do not apply to residents who are being cared for under a respite care contract.

64.63(3) The facility shall have a contract with each resident in the facility. When the resident is there for respite care services, the contract shall specify the time period during which the resident will be considered to be receiving respite care services. At the end of that period, the contract may be amended to extend that period of time. The contract shall specifically state the resident may be involuntarily discharged while being considered as a respite care resident. The contract shall meet other requirements for contracts between a health care facility and resident, except the requirements concerning the holding and charging for a bed when a resident is hospitalized or leaves the facility temporarily for recreational or therapeutic reasons.
64.63(4) Respite care services shall not be provided by a facility to persons requiring a level of care which is higher than the level of care the facility is licensed to provide.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.202, 10A.402, 135C.2(6), 135C.6(1), 135C.14, 135C.14(8), 135C.25, 135C.25(3), 135C.32, 135C.36, 227.4, 235B.1(6), and 235B.3(11).

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†Two ARCs
◊Three ARCs